

Project Screening Impact Assessment Id: #369

Date Screening completed: 07/06/2022

Requester: Abhi Bhasin

Date printed: 07/06/2022

1. Your Details

Name of person completing screening assessment

Abhi Bhasin

Job Title

Senior Transport Planner

Directorate

Economy & Infrastructure

Service Area

Planning and Transport Planning

Email Address

ABhasin@worcestershire.gov.uk

Connection to project (e.g. project manager)

Project Manager

2. Project Summary

For the purposes of the impact assessment screening, we will refer to the activity or area being assessed as a project.

Project Name

The A44/A4538 Evesham to Worcester Major Road Network (MRN) Corridor

Name of Project Sponsor

Emily Baker

Name of Project Manager

Abhi Bhasin

Name of Project Lead

Karen Hanchett

Project Reference (if known)

Please give a brief description of the project

The corridor in south Worcestershire is a 24 km route from the A38/A4538 Martin Hussingtree junction, continuing along the A4538 Pershore Lane (north) through M5 junction 6 to the A4538 Pershore Lane (south) and the A44/A4538/A422 junction. The MRN route continues along the A44, through Pershore, connecting to the A46(T) in Evesham. There are congestion, safety and journey time reliability issues along this corridor. These issues are recoganised as a threat to not only the realisation of planned growth but also the continued performance of the MRN routes. The proposals to enhance the route are required to mitigate the development emerging as part of the South Worcestershire Development Plan review to support the new housing growth within the corridor.

3. Data Protection

We need to establish if the proposal involves processing personal data. Personal data is information that relates to an identified or identifiable individual.

Name of Information Asset Owner

Rachel Hill

Senior officer responsible for the project's information assets

Does the project, any project work stream or project outcome involve any personal data? Some examples of personal data are given below.

Yes

Appearance:

photograph, physical description

Basic Identifiers:

name, date of birth, age, biometric data, ethnic origin, gender, genetic data, race, sex

Contact Details:

address, email address, home phone number, mobile phone number, postcode

ID Number:

National Insurance Number, driving licence number, NHS number, online identifier, other general identifier

Employment:

work related training/awards

Financial:

income/financial/tax situation

Lifestyle:

health or social care, living habits, marital status, philosophical beliefs, political opinions, religion, sex life, trade union membership **Technology:**

login/username, device MAC address (wireless network interface), device IMEI number, IP Address, location data (travel/GDPS/GSM data), website cookies

Does the project, any project work stream or project outcome involve:

Evaluating or scoring individuals (including profiling and predicting)? No

e.g. building behavioural or marketing profiles of individuals based on their web activity

Profiling, automated decision-making or special category data to help make decisions on access to a service, opportunity or benefit, or otherwise have a significant effect on an individual? No

e.g. asking an individual to submit personal data that is then analysed by a computer system, with the result that the individual's request to use a service is either accepted or refused.

Systematic monitoring? No

e.g. installing a CCTV or ANPR system on council premises, or any covert surveillance including anything under RIPA.

Processing of 'special category' personal data (or 'sensitive personal data')? No

e.g. processing health or social care data.

Processing personal data on a large scale? No

e.g. implementing a new social care record system.

Datasets that involve combining, comparing, or matching data from multiple sources? No

e.g. matching or merging service users' personal data against or with personal data held by a third party (e.g. the NHS).

The personal data of vulnerable people? No

e.g. processing children's personal data or social service client's data.

The use or application of innovative technological or organisational solutions? No

e.g. using fingerprint recognition technology to control access to a building.

The transfer of personal data outside of the European Union? No

e.g. storing personal data in a cloud service hosted in the US or using a third party that uses technology hosted in the US.

Preventing individuals from exercising a right or using a service or contract? No

e.g. screening applicants before allowing them to use a web service.

Processing personal data that could result in a risk of physical harm in the event of a security breach? No

The use of third parties? No

e.g. as a service provider or hosted service

Processing children's data for profiling, automated decision-making, any marketing purposes, or to offer any online services directly to them? No

e.g. apps designed for use by children

4. Equality

We need to determine whether the project could affect residents and/or Council staff because they share any of the Protected Characteristics defined in the Equality Act 2010 namely Age, Disability, Gender Reassignment, Marriage/Civil Partnership, Pregnancy, Race, Religion/Belief, Sex and Sexual Orientation.

Does the project relate to an area where data/research indicates that inequalities are already known to exist? No

Could this project have any effect on, service delivery or usage, other aspects of daily life or community participation levels for people because they belong to any of the groups below?

Age No

e.g. a person belonging to a particular age group (for example 18 – 30-year olds).

Disability No

e.g. A person has a disability if she or he has a physical or mental impairment which has a substantial and long-term adverse effect on that person's ability to carry out normal day-to-day activities.

Gender Re-Assignment No

e.g. The process of transitioning from one gender to another.

Marriage/Civil Partnership Status No

e.g. Marriage is a union between a man and a woman or between a same-sex couple. Same-sex couples can also have their relationships legally recognised as 'civil partnerships'. Civil partners must not be treated less favourably than married couples (except where permitted by the Equality Act).

Pregnancy/Maternity No

e.g. Pregnancy is the condition of being pregnant or expecting a baby. Maternity refers to the period after the birth and is linked to maternity leave in the employment context. In the non-work context, protection against maternity discrimination is for 26 weeks after giving birth, and this includes treating a woman unfavourably because she is breastfeeding.

Race No

e.g. Refers to the protected characteristic of race. It refers to a group of people defined by their race, colour, and nationality (including citizenship) ethnic or national origins.

Religion or Belief No

e.g. Religion refers to any religion, including a lack of religion. Belief refers to any religious or philosophical belief and includes a lack of belief. Generally, a belief should affect your life choices or the way you live for it to be included in the definition.

Sex No

Sexual Orientation No

e.g. Whether a person's sexual attraction is towards their own sex, the opposite sex or to both sexes.

Health Inequalities No

e.g. Any preventable, unfair & unjust differences in health status between groups, populations or individuals that arise from the unequal distribution of social, environmental & economic conditions within societies.

As you answered 'No' to all the questions, please explain your reasoning below:

There are three stages of a Transport Business Case preparation. The initial/first stage, Strategic Outline Business Case (SOC) is followed by submission of an Outline Business Case (OBC), which is followed by submission of Full Business Case (FBC).

The project, which is currently at an initial stage of business case preparation, includes a series of highway, safety, public transport and active

travel improvements. The project team is assumed to reassess above indicators at the completion of Outline Business Case (OBC) submission stage and then finalise them after submission of Full Business Case (FBC).

5. Public Health

We also want to understand if the project will have any impacts on public health.

The social, economic, cultural and physical environment in which people live their lives has a significant effect on their health and wellbeing. Although genetics and personal behaviour play a strong part in determining an individual's health, good health starts where we live, where we work and learn, and where we play.

Improving public health requires taking a broader view of the conditions that create health and wellbeing, from how we plan and develop our urban spaces and places, to the opportunities for employment, recreation, and social connection available to all who live in them.

Health inequalities are the preventable, unfair and unjust differences in health status between groups, populations or individuals that arise from the unequal distribution of social, environmental and economic conditions within societies, which determine the risk of people getting ill, their ability to prevent sickness, or opportunities to take action and access treatment when ill health occurs.

Could the project have an impact on any of the following factors?

Social and Economic Yes

e.g. culture, social support (neighbourliness, social networks/isolation), spiritual participation, employment opportunities.

Physical Health Yes

e.g. physical activity is expected to increase, influenza vaccination uptake increase

Mental Health & Wellbeing No

e.g. benefits to children's mental health, benefits to adult carer wellbeing.

Access to Services Yes

e.g. access to (location/disabled access/costs) and quality of primary/community/secondary health care, child care, social services, housing/leisure/social security services; public transport, policing, other health relevant public services, non-statutory agencies and services.

5. Environmental Sustainability

We want to understand if the project activity and project outcomes will have an impact on environmental sustainability. Please be mindful that the Council has committed to reduce its emissions to net-zero by 2050 and most projects are likely to have an impact on this target. This should be a key consideration in your project delivery and should be reviewed when completing these screening documents.

Could this project have an impact on the categories listed below?

Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Emissions (including CO2) Yes

e.g. increased GHG emissions as a result of project implementation, which may also be linked with efficient use of resources in WCC buildings; transport; emissions from waste; and procurement.

Efficient Use of Resources Yes

e.g. consumption of energy resources, water, electricity, gas and heating fuels.

Transport Yes

e.g. number of people travelling, alternative transport modes.

Waste No

e.g. increase in waste generated or an increase in waste recycling.

Wildlife and Biodiversity Yes

e.g. impacts on the natural environment or enhancements to the natural environment.

N.B. This refers to any direct or indirect modifications to landholdings, including but not limited to removal of vegetation, alteration or demolition of buildings or modification of watercourses or lighting (not limited to just green space/trees).

Pollution to Land or Water Yes

e.g. risk of pollution to the local environment.

Pollution to Air Yes

e.g. risk of pollution to air, activity which may adversely affect air quality or increase emissions to air

Resilience to climate change Yes

e.g. risks of extreme weather and climate impacts on the project.

Historic Environment Yes

e.g. impacts on Historic Environment or enhancements of the Historic Environment.

Procurement Yes

e.g. could procurement associated with the project result in an increase of natural resources (such as long-distance shipping of goods); could use be made of local resources or work forces to support delivery of the project.

7. Results of Screening

 Data Protection
 Does not need a full impact assessment

 Equality and Public Health
 Will require a full impact assessment

 Environmental Sustainability
 Will require a full impact assessment